Ulster Bank Northern Ireland Purchasing Managers Index (PMI)

February 2012 Survey Update

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PMI Surveys

Purchasing Managers' Indexes (PMIs) are monthly surveys of private sector companies which provide an advance indication of what is happening in the private sector economy by tracking variables such as output, new orders, employment and prices across different sectors.

Index numbers are calculated from the percentages of respondents reporting an improvement, no change or decline on the previous month. These indices vary from 0 to 100 with readings of 50.0 signalling no change on the previous month. Readings above 50.0 signal an increase or improvement; readings below 50.0 signal a decline or deterioration. The greater the divergence from 50.0 the greater the rate of change (expansion or contraction). The indices are seasonally adjusted to take into consideration expected variations for the time of year, such as summer shutdowns or holidays.

< 50.0 = Contraction 50.0 = No Change > 50.0 = Expansion

Data at a sector level are more volatile and **3-month moving averages** have been used to more accurately identify the broad trends.

Global output accelerates in February driven by strong growth in services (particularly the US)



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The Baltic Dry Index *(measures shipping prices)* appears to be exaggerating the collapse in global trade as PMI points to growth

Baltic Dry Index v Global Manufacturing PMI New Orders



NI's private sector contraction continues in February while the Rol is back into expansion territory



XX RBS

PMI did not signal rebound in Q3 output that the private sector composite index (combines DFP indices for construction, services and industrial production) did



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NI output, orders and employment all contracting over the last 3 months



Forward looking new orders indices head north for Rol and south for NI



NI's levels of work outstanding are still falling sharply



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31% of firms saw export orders fall in February, weak demand in Rol still cited as a key factor



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NI records a sharp rate of job losses during the last 3 months



NI profit squeeze remains with pricing power easing



Regional Comparisons



3 UK regions, including NI, contracting last month whilst the Rol returns to growth



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NI posts sharpest rate of decline over the last 3 months...





.....and over the last 12 months



NI posted the sharpest decline in employment in February



...and over the last 3 months...



...and over the last 12 months



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Sectoral Comparisons



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All UK sectors expanding in February but only construction sees growth rate accelerate

UK Business Activity / Output - PMIs



UK composite PMI suggests no contraction in GDP in Q4 2011, potential for Q4 GDP (-0.2%) to be revised up



...and only construction is sub-50 in the Rol



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Manufacturing remains the star performer over the last 3 months with the pace of contraction greatest for services



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Manufacturing indices continue to fall from recent highs



NI's manufacturing brief out-performance of the UK has come to an end



.....and in terms of new orders too



NI's recent robust manufacturing performance has faded

Manufacturing Output - PMI 3 month moving average 70 Source: Markit Economics PMIs Expansion 60 50 Contraction 40 30 China Germany - NI -UK -US 20 Feb-07 Feb-08 Feb-09 Feb-10 Feb-11 Feb-12

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Cost price inflation easing slightly for manufacturing firms (over 3 months but higher in Feb) & pricing power remains



NI-UK divergence within service sector widens



Forward looking new orders suggests no recovery is imminent



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....with employment levels falling at an accelerating rate



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A reversal in fortunes for the retail sector?



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But not as far as profit margins are concerned. Bumper sales does not equal bumper profits



NI construction sector continues to weaken



.....with profits squeeze still severe



NI-UK divergence marked in terms of new orders



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Continued growth in GB offers opportunities for NI firms



.....particularly with continued weakness in the Rol



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Calls may be recorded.