## Ulster Bank Northern Ireland Purchasing Managers Index (PMI)

#### November 2011 Survey Update

Issued 12 December 2011

**Richard Ramsey** 

**Chief Economist Northern Ireland** 

richard.ramsey@ulsterbankcm.com

## PMI Surveys

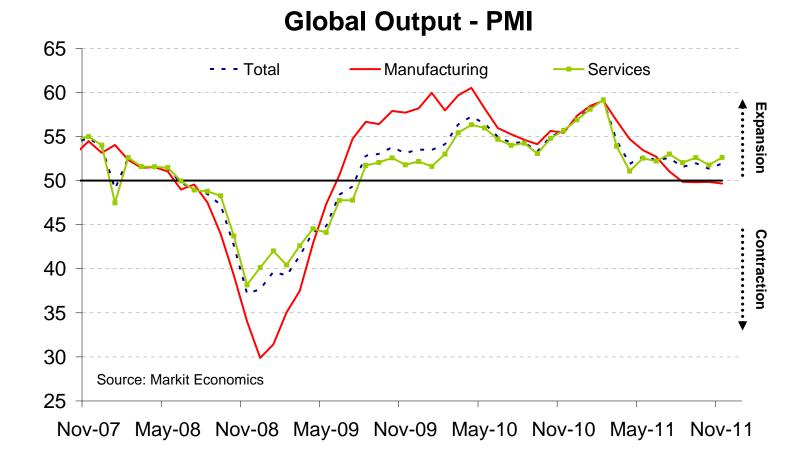
Purchasing Managers' Indexes (PMIs) are monthly surveys of private sector companies which provide an advance indication of what is happening in the private sector economy by tracking variables such as output, new orders, employment and prices across different sectors.

Index numbers are calculated from the percentages of respondents reporting an improvement, no change or decline on the previous month. These indices vary from 0 to 100 with readings of 50.0 signalling no change on the previous month. Readings above 50.0 signal an increase or improvement; readings below 50.0 signal a decline or deterioration. The greater the divergence from 50.0 the greater the rate of change (expansion or contraction). The indices are seasonally adjusted to take into consideration expected variations for the time of year, such as summer shutdowns or holidays.

#### < 50.0 = Contraction 50.0 = No Change > 50.0 = Expansion

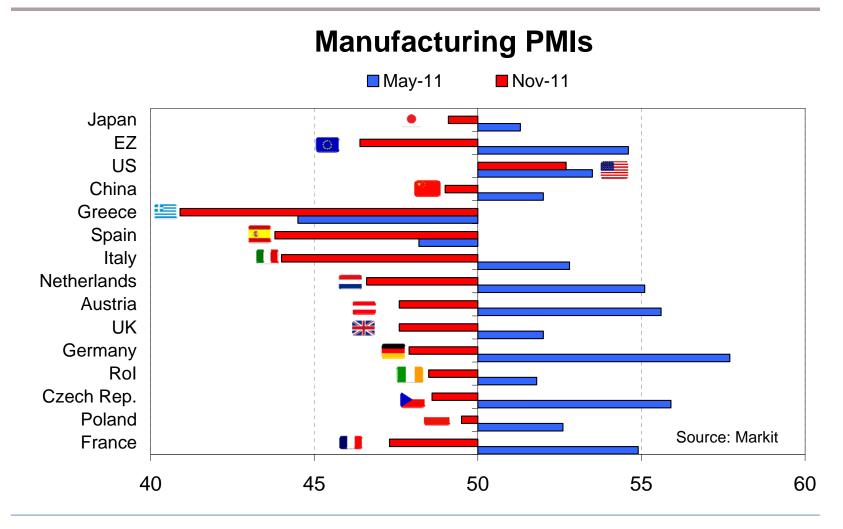
Data at a sector level are more volatile and **3-month moving averages** have been used to more accurately identify the broad trends.

## Global slowdown: manufacturing dips below the 50 threshold denoting contraction



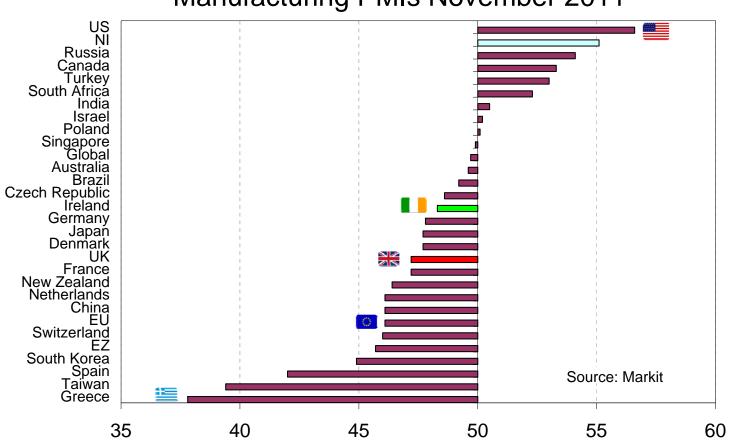
#### **۶۶ RBS**

#### What a difference 6 months makes



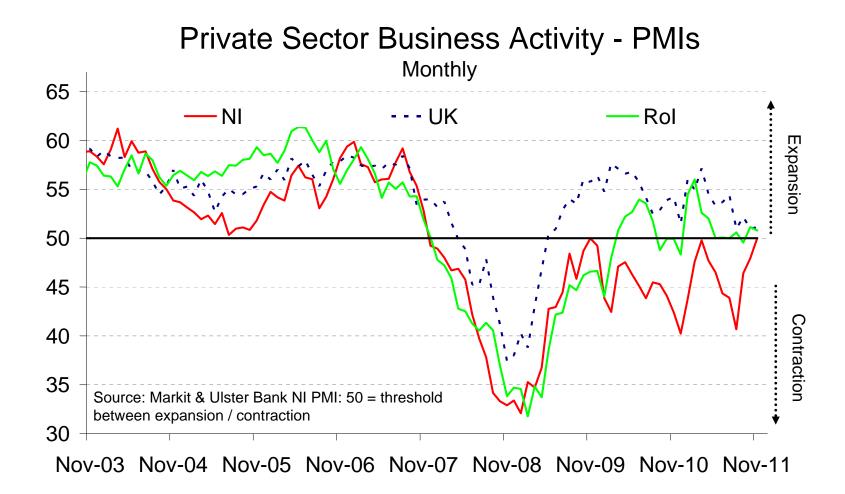
XX RBS

#### NI & US top performers in November 2011



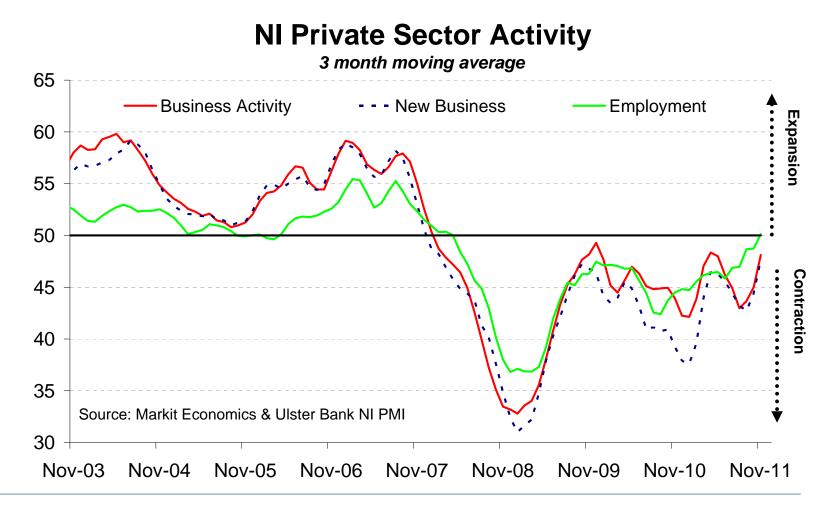
#### Manufacturing PMIs November 2011

#### NI's private sector stops contracting in November



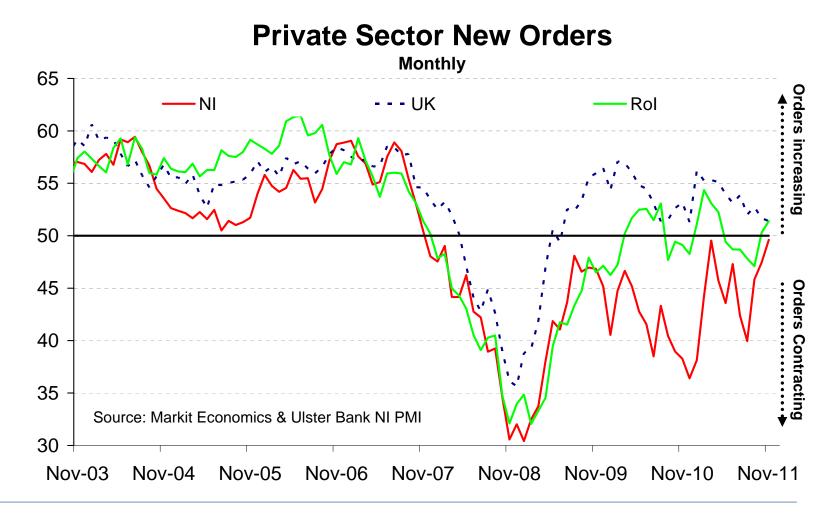
#### **¾ RBS**

## NI output and orders continue to contract but at a slower rate

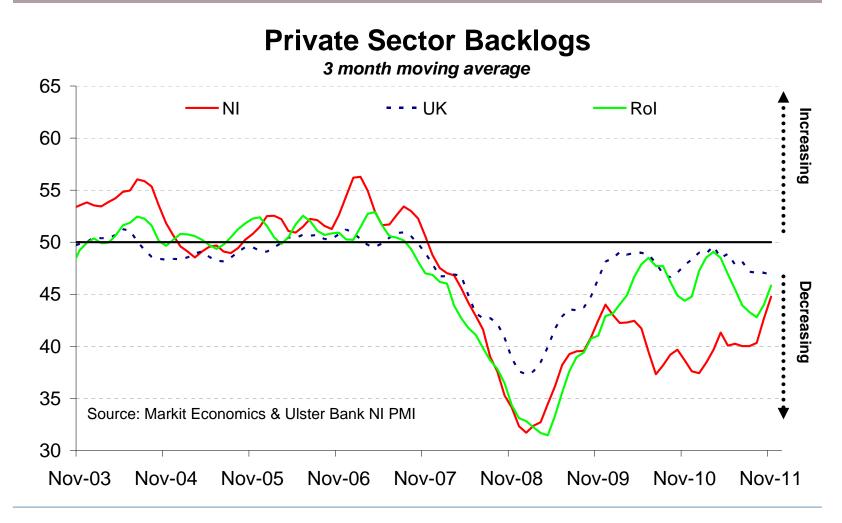


#### **X**₩ **RBS**

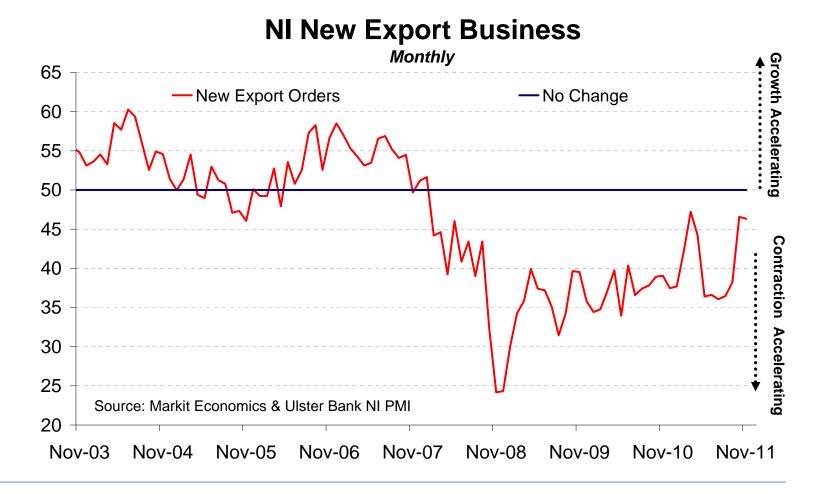
#### NI's new orders still falling marginally in November



## NI's levels of work outstanding are still falling sharply but at a slower rate

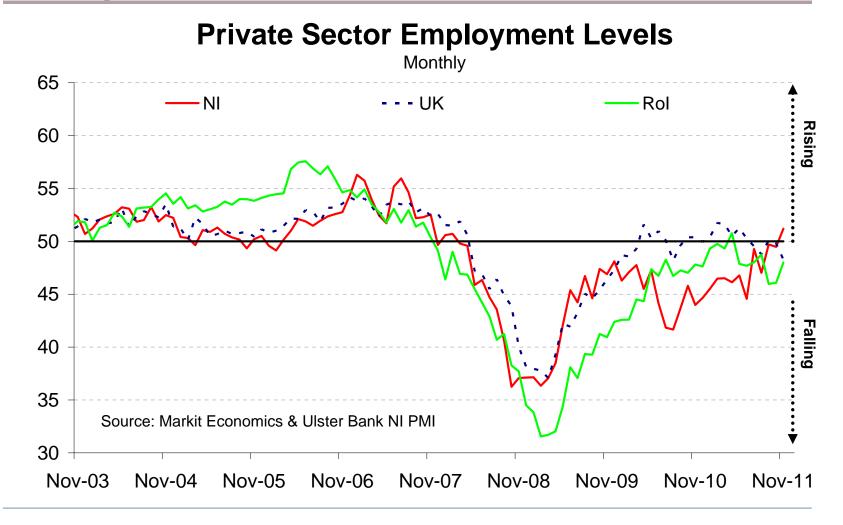


#### 31% of firms saw export orders fall in November

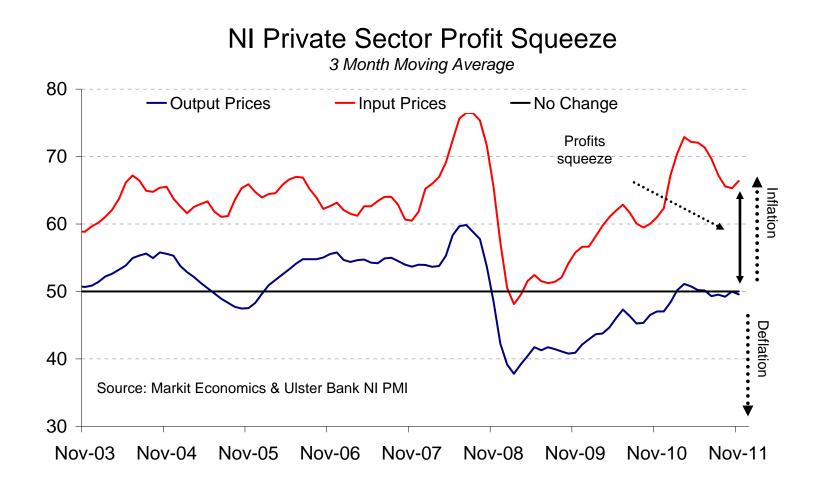


#### **X**<sup>™</sup> RBS

#### NI records employment growth for first time since February 2008



#### NI profit squeeze remains with pricing power static



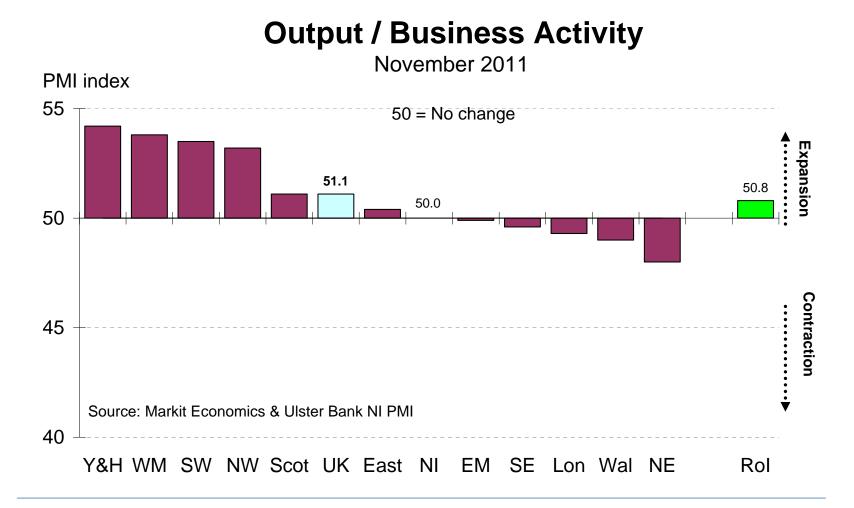
#### **¾ RBS**

# Regional Comparisons



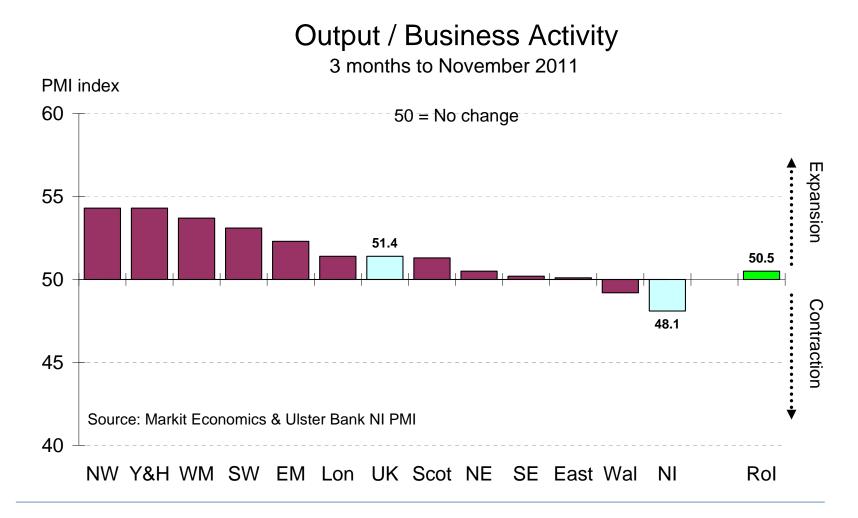


#### Five regions in contraction territory in November



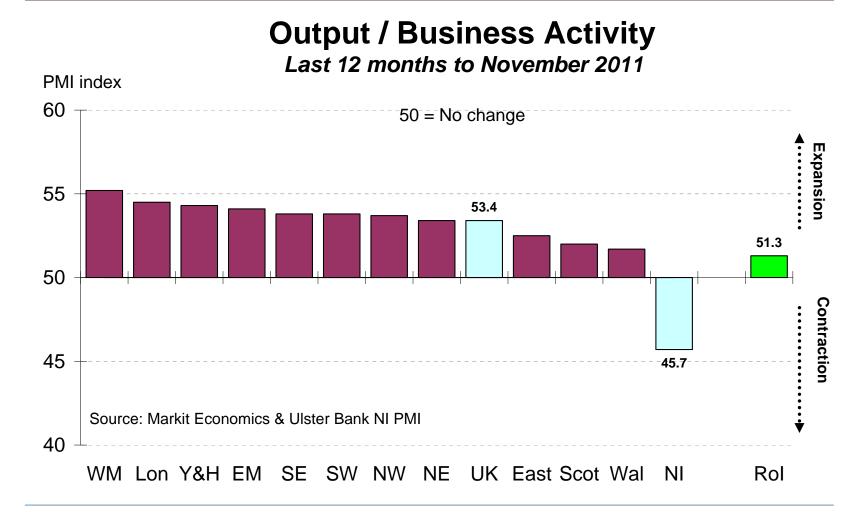
#### **₩ RBS**

## NI posts sharpest rate of decline over the last 3 months...

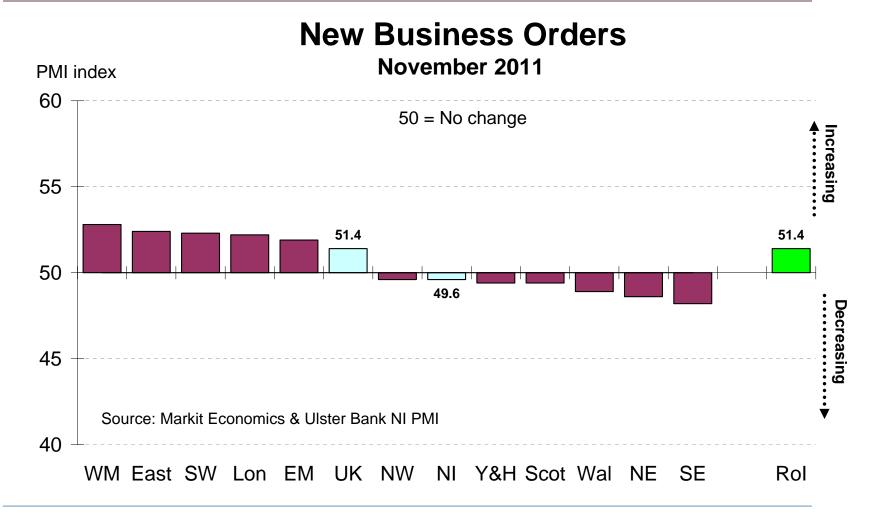


#### **XX RBS**

#### .....and over the last 12 months

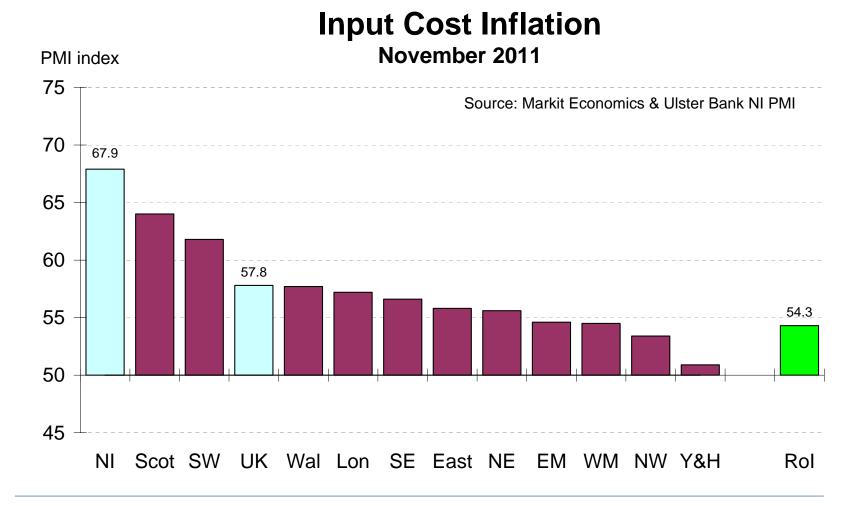


#### 7 UK regions, including NI, posting declines in new orders

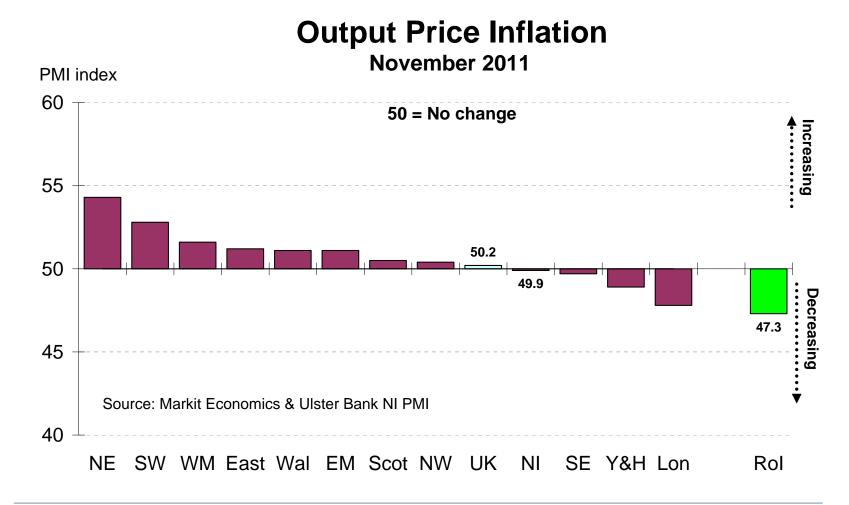


#### XX RBS

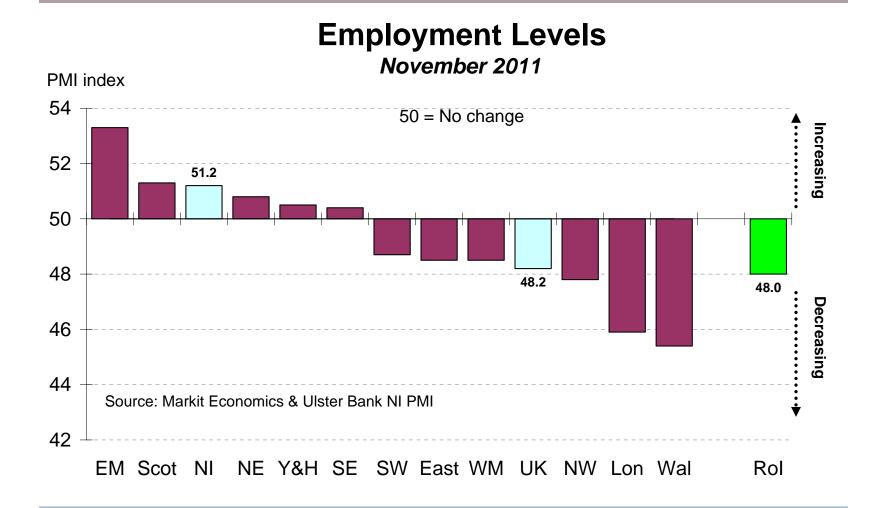
## NI firms are experiencing the highest rates of input cost inflation



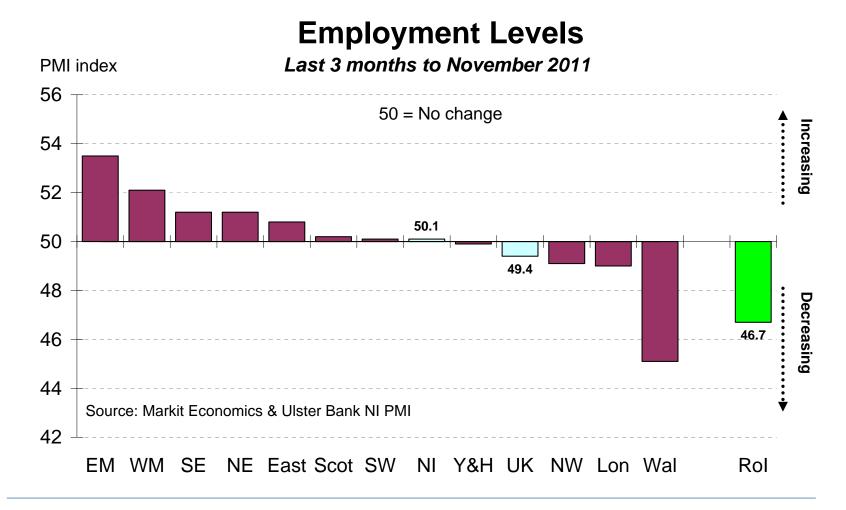
## Pricing power remains weak in NI with deflation continuing in Rol



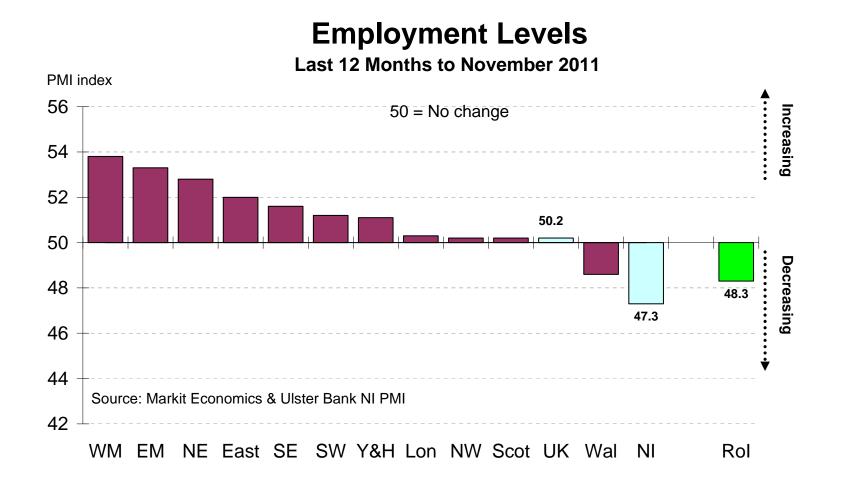
#### NI posts first rise in employment since February 2008



#### NI outperforming the UK over the last three months



#### But NI has recorded the sharpest rate of job losses over the last 12 months



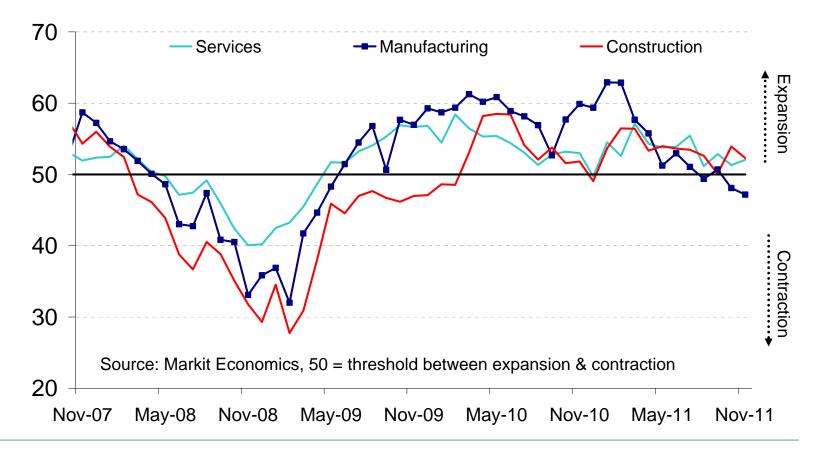


# Sectoral Comparisons



## **UK construction & services still growing**

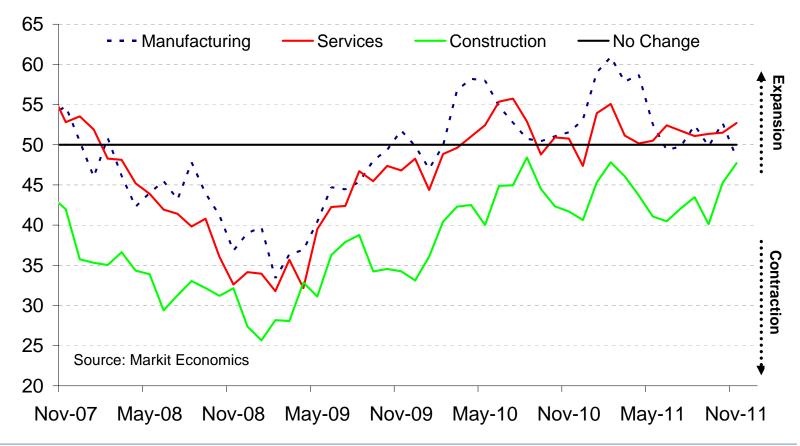
#### **UK Business Activity - PMIs**



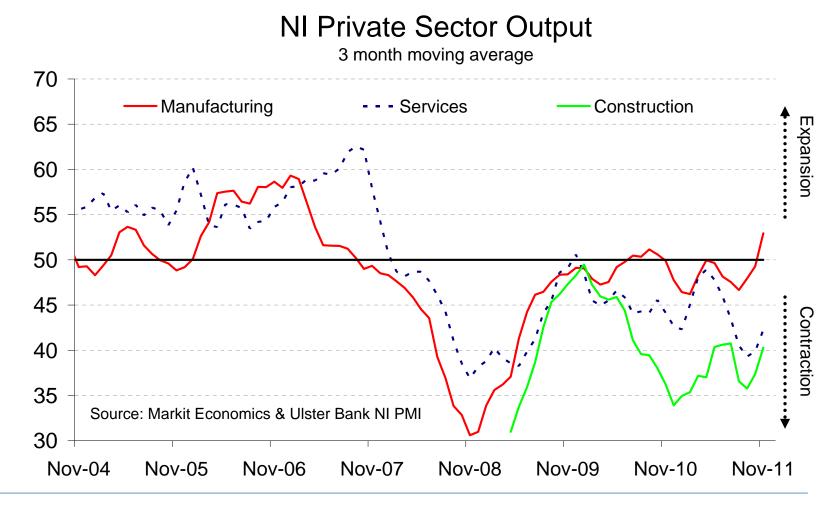
**¾ RBS** 

## ...services are still growing in the Rol

#### **Rol Business Activity - PMIs**

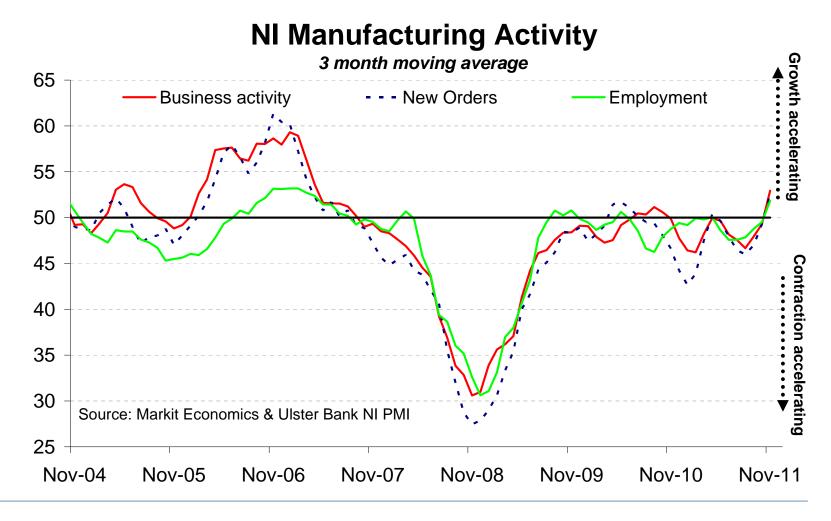


## Pace of contraction in construction and services remains severe over the last 3 months



#### XX RBS

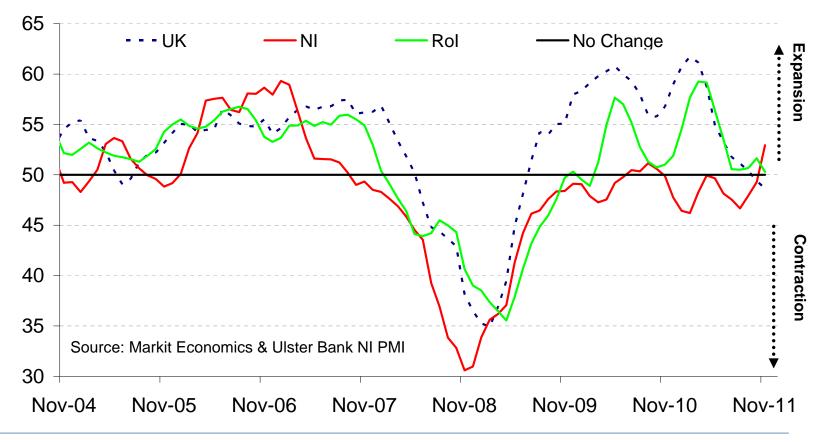
#### Manufacturing indices all improving over last 3 months



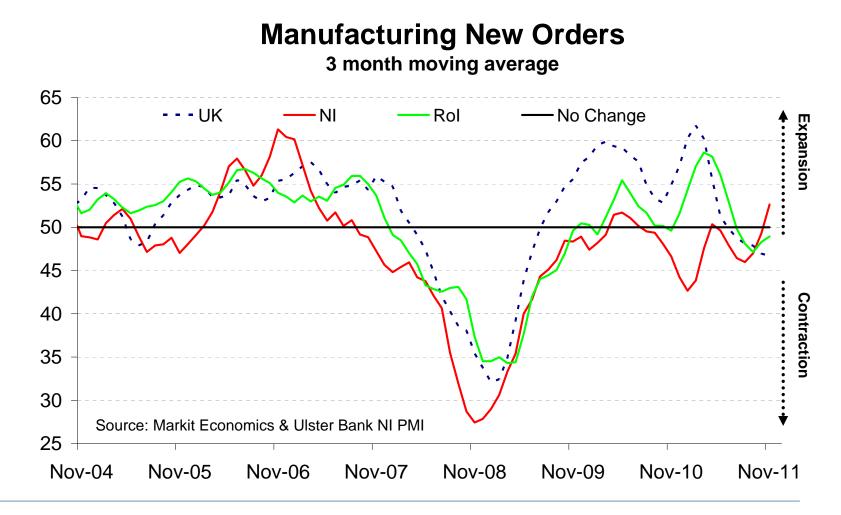
#### NI manufacturing outperforming Rol and UK

#### **Manufacturing Output**

3 month moving average



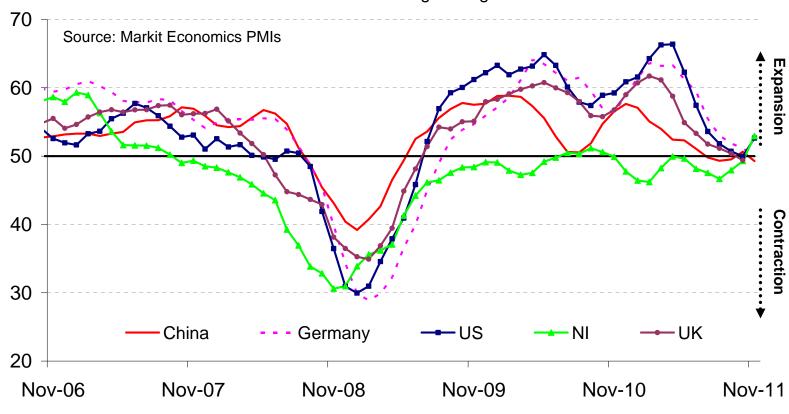
#### .....and in terms of new orders too



#### **¾ RBS**

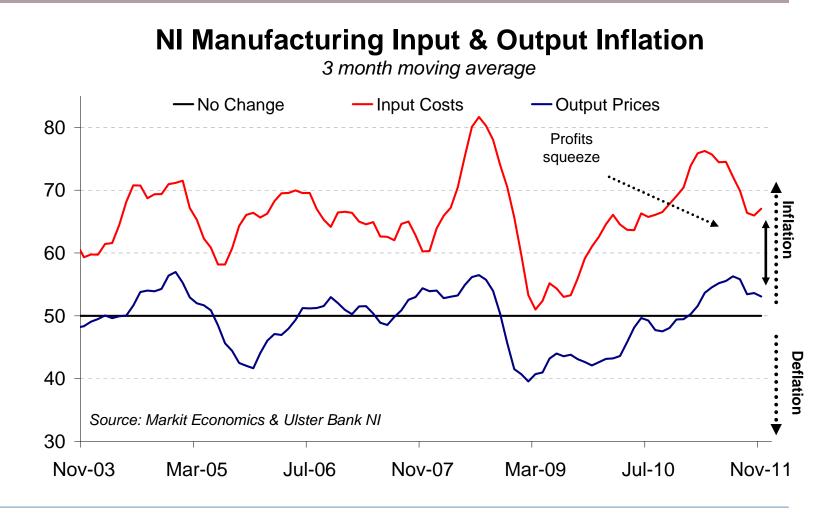
## NI's SME exposure to Rol had limited its recovery but not NI now outperforming elsewhere

#### Manufacturing Output - PMI

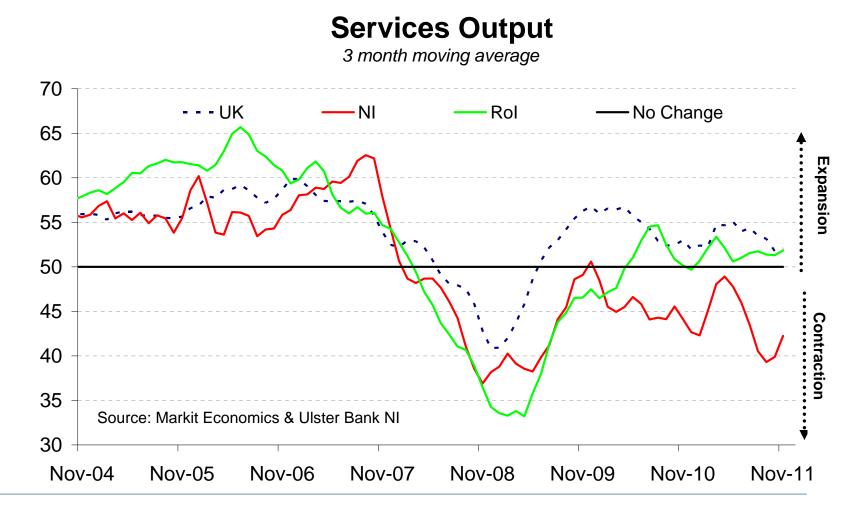


3 month moving average

#### **Cost price inflation picking up for manufacturing firms**

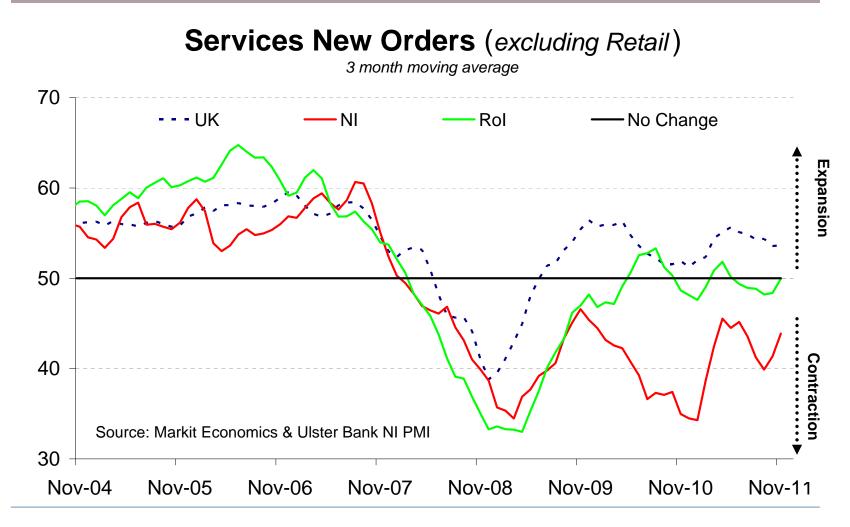


#### **NI-UK divergence still apparent within service sector**



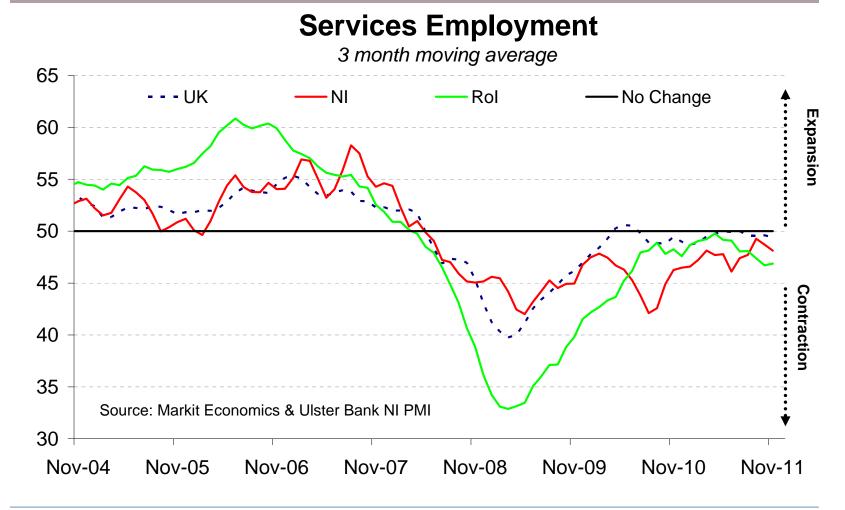
#### XX RBS

## Forward looking new orders suggests no recovery is imminent



**₩ RBS** 

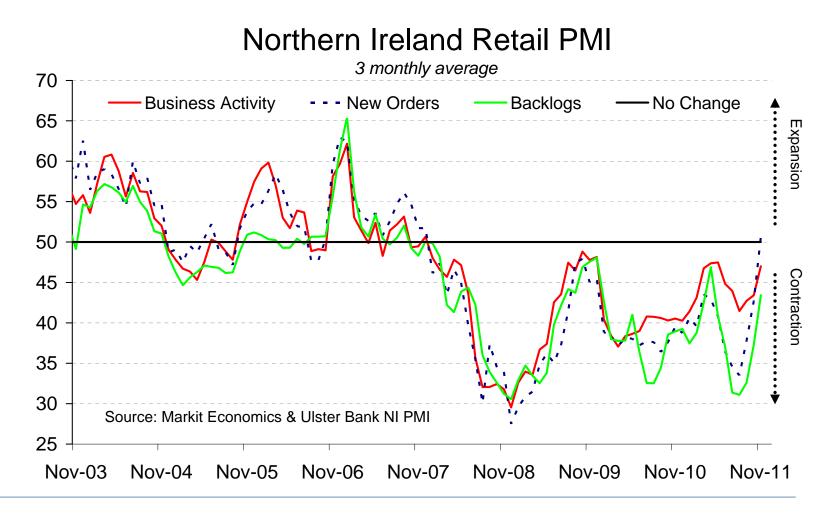
## ....although employment levels are falling at only a marginal rate



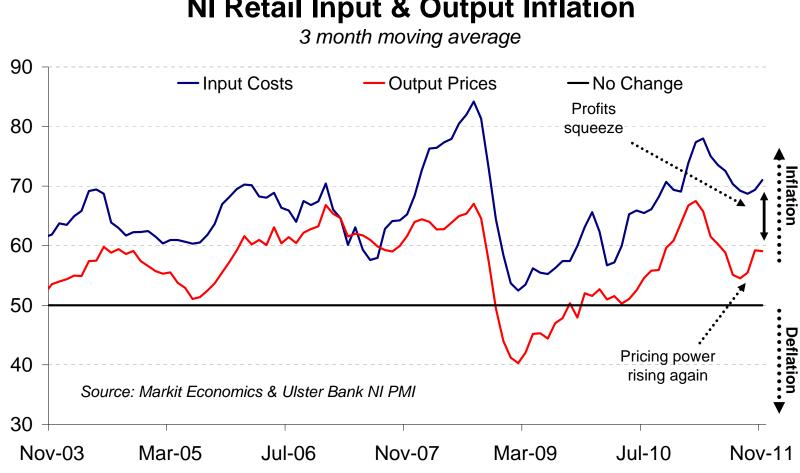
#### XX RBS

## 💥 Ulster Bank

#### Rapid pace of decline in Retail sector eases

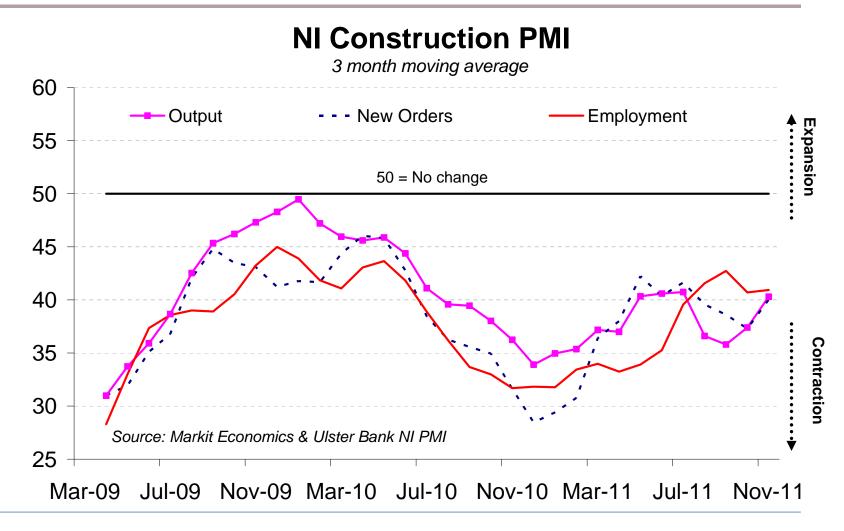


## **Retailers passing on costs to protect margins**



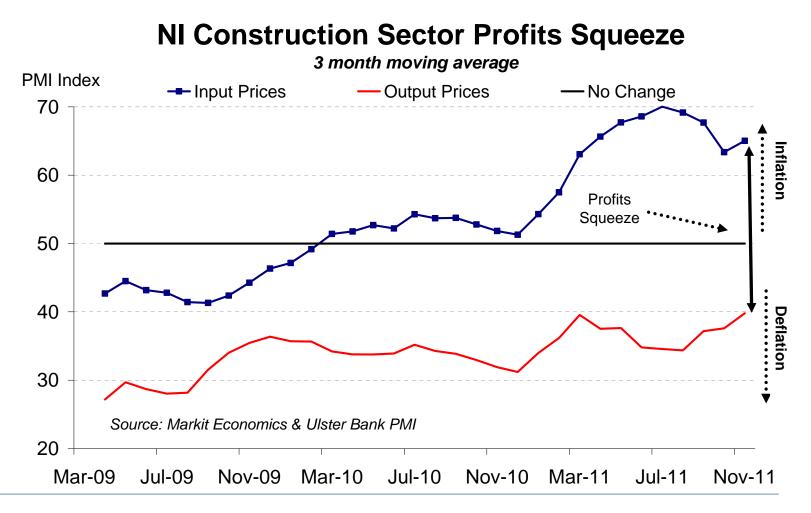
#### **NI Retail Input & Output Inflation**

#### NI construction sector continues to weaken

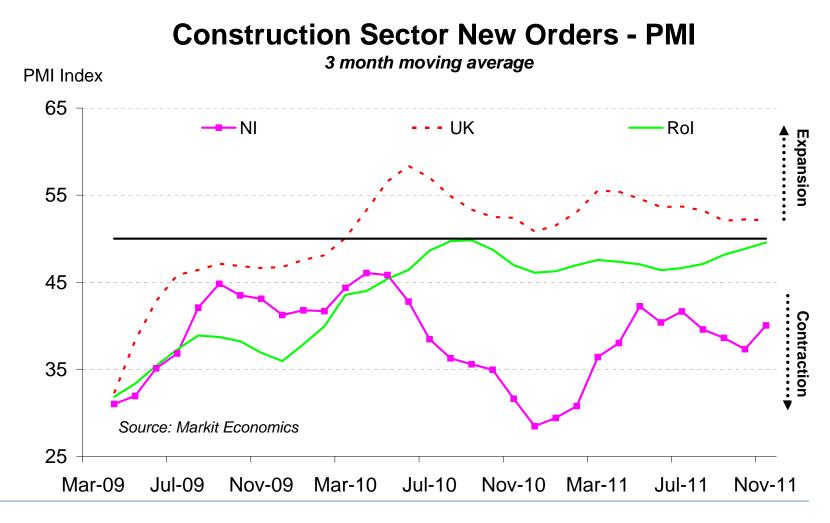


#### **₩ RBS**

#### .....with profits squeeze easing but still severe

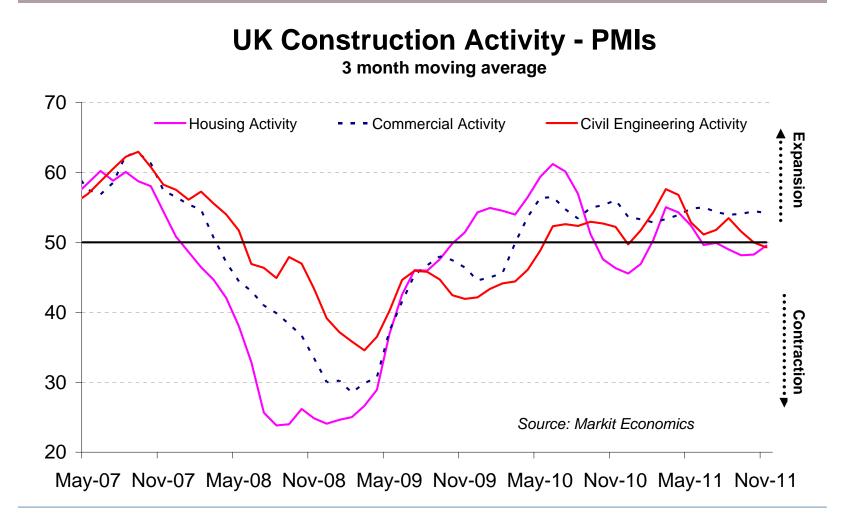


#### **NI-UK divergence marked in terms of new orders**

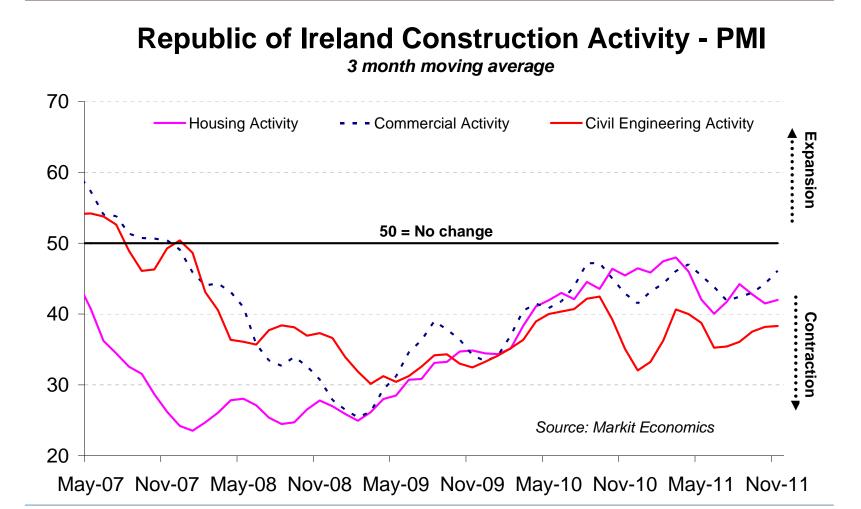


**₩ RBS** 

#### **Continued growth in GB offers opportunities for NI firms**



.....particularly with continued weakness in the Rol



#### **₩ RBS**

#### Disclaimer

This document is issued for information purposes only for clients of Ulster Bank Group who are eligible counterparties or professional customers, and does not constitute an offer or invitation to purchase or sell any instrument or to provide any service in any jurisdiction where the required authorisation is not held. Ulster Bank and/or its associates and/or its employees may have a position or engage in transactions in any of the instruments mentioned.

The information including any opinions expressed and the pricing given, is indicative, and constitute our judgement at time of publication and are subject to change without notice. The information contained herein should not be construed as advice, and is not intended to be construed as such. This publication provides only a brief review of the complex issues discussed and readers should not rely on information contained here without seeking specific advice on matters that concern them. Ulster Bank make no representations or warranties with respect to the information and disclaim all liability for use the recipient or their advisors make of the information. Over-the-counter (OTC) derivates can involve a number of significant and complex risks which are dependent on the terms of the particular transaction and your circumstances. In the event the market has moved against the transaction you have undertaken, you may incur substantial costs if you wish to close out your position.

Ulster Bank Limited Registered Number R733 Northern Ireland. Registered Office 11-16 Donegal Square East, Belfast, BT1 5UB. Authorised and regulated by the Financial Services Authority. Member of The Royal Bank of Scotland Group.

Ulster Bank Ireland Limited, a private company limited by shares, trading as Ulster Bank, Ulster Bank Group and Bank Uladh. Registered No. 25766. Registered Office Ulster Bank Group Centre, George's Quay, Dublin 2. Ulster Bank Ireland Limited is regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland. Member of The Royal Bank of Scotland Group.

Calls may be recorded.